

## Digital electronics

Number of ECTS credits: 6

Coefficient: 6

### Description:

Development on 8-32-bit microcontrollers under GNU / Linux in C, estimation of the resources required for various tasks, understanding of the compilation chain and associated tools

Deepening of synthesizable VHDL and time simulation of the description

### Pedagogical objectives:

Knowledge to be acquired:

- Unix commands, interaction with the command line system
- Architecture of a microprocessor (arithmetic and logical unit (ALU), registers)
- Reading of the assembly code containing the opcodes executed by the ALU, study of the execution time, consequence of the optimization options of gcc
- Specificities of C on embedded systems: volatile, const, \* (type \*) addr = val
- Working methods: code portability, code analysis tools
- Arithmetic of computers: adapting an algorithm developed in floating point to integers
- Use of a microcontroller simulator
- CPLD / FPGA structures and performance
- Advantages / disadvantages between microcontrollers and CPLD / FPGA
- Synthesizable VHDL Skills to be acquired:
  - Compile a program in C (cross-compilation gcc, Makefile)
  - Reading of datasheet, identification of opcodes and their execution times, flags managed by a given instruction,
  - Implementation of some devices on 8-bit processor (USART, timer)
  - Analysis of the codes and causes of their malfunctions according to the optimizations
  - Introduction to the GNU Debugger gdb
  - Compile its cross-compiler: the trio gcc, binutils and newlib, how to compile these tools to generate a cross-compilation string for any processor supported by gcc

### Bibliography:

Pages of Unix manual

### Prerequisite:

Counting, combinational and sequential logic, C programming on operating system

Lectures Hours: 14

Tutorials Hours: 7

Labs Hours: 36

Knowledge monitoring modalities: 100% continuous assessment

Assessment: 1 exam, reports of labs and 1 practical exam eventually

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